



# Danson Primary School

## Danson Primary School Prevention of Extremism and Radicalisation Policy



The policy is provided to all staff and should be read in conjunction with the following policies:

- Safeguarding & Child Protection Policy
- Equality Policy
- Anti-Bullying Policy
- E-Safety Policy
- Staff Code of Conduct
- Whistle-blowing Policy

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## **PURPOSE & AIMS**

1.1 Danson Primary School is fully committed to safeguarding and promoting the welfare of all of its pupils. We recognise that safeguarding against radicalisation and extremism is no different to safeguarding against any other vulnerability in today's society.

1.2 Our school fully recognises the contribution it can make to promoting the welfare of children and protecting them from harm. This policy sets out our strategies and procedures to protect vulnerable pupils from being radicalised or exposed to extremist views. The elements of our policy are prevention, protection and support.

1.3 At Danson Primary School, we will ensure that:

- All staff, volunteers and governors, have an understanding of what radicalisation and extremism is and why we need to be vigilant in school
- Through training, staff, volunteers and governors will know what the school policy is on tackling extremism and radicalisation and how to respond when concerns arise
- Through our curriculum, we will promote the spiritual, moral, social and cultural development of all pupils

- Parents/carers and pupils will know that the school has policies in place to keep pupils safe from harm and that the school regularly reviews these systems to ensure they are appropriate and effective
- This policy applies to all pupils, staff, parents, governors, volunteers and visitors
- A glossary of related terms and indicators of vulnerability to extremism can be found in Appendices 1 & 2 of this policy.

## **ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES**

Designated Safeguarding lead are: Mrs Casey, Co-Head Teacher, Mrs Allen Co-Head Teacher, FLO Miss Bell

Designated Safeguarding Deputies are Mr Tupper, Miss Bennett, Miss Herdecka, Mrs O'Hara, Mrs Beazley, Mrs Stephens, Miss Jones, Miss Sims, Mrs Stevens, Mrs Meredith, and Mr Corley,

2.1 It is the responsibility of every member of staff, volunteer and regular visitor to our school to ensure that they carry out the requirements of this policy and, at all times, work in a way that will safeguard and promote the welfare of all of the pupils at this school.

2.2 The Governing Body of Danson Primary School is accountable for ensuring the effectiveness of this policy and our compliance with it. The Governing Body will ensure that:

- This policy is reviewed annually alongside our Safeguarding & Child Protection Policy
- All staff undertake appropriate training that equips them with the skills to identify and respond appropriately to concerns regarding extremism and radicalisation
- The Head Teacher, (DSL) and Senior Leadership Team (DSDs) will assess the risk of pupils being drawn into extremist views. The risk assessment may include consideration of the school's curriculum, the use of school premises by external agencies and any other local issues relating to the school community.
- A broad curriculum is in place to deliver the spiritual, moral, social and cultural development of pupils
- Appropriate safeguarding arrangements are in place by working in partnership with other agencies and communities as required
- There are systems in place for keeping pupils safe from extremist material when accessing the internet in our school by using effective filtering and usage policies

2.3 The Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) will carry out their role in accordance with the responsibilities outlined in Annex B of "Keeping Children Safe in Education 2018." As part of this responsibility, the DSL will act as the point of contact within our school for any concerns relating to radicalisation and extremism.

2.4 The DSL at Danson Primary School will make referrals in accordance with the Local Authority procedures to the Safeguarding Team where appropriate and will represent our school at LA meetings as required.

2.5 The DSL is responsible for ensuring that all staff members and volunteer are aware of our policy and the procedures they need to follow. They will ensure that all staff have received appropriate training.

## **TRAINING**

3.1 Through training, we will ensure that all Danson staff are made fully aware of the threats, risks and vulnerabilities that are linked to radicalisation. Staff will be able to identify children at risk of being drawn into extremism and develop the confidence to challenge extremist ideas. All staff will understand how we can provide support to ensure that our pupils are resilient and supported to resist involvement in radical or extreme activities.

3.2 Our governing body will also undertake appropriate training to ensure they are able to carry out their duty to safeguard all of the children at our school.

## **THE ROLE OF THE CURRICULUM**

4.1 At Danson Primary School we will provide pupils with a broad and balanced curriculum and promote the spiritual, moral, social and cultural (SMSC) development of our pupils. Pupils will be encouraged to regard people of all faiths, races and cultures with respect and tolerance.

4.2 Through our curriculum we will aim to:

- enable students to develop their self-knowledge, self-esteem and self-confidence;
- enable students to distinguish right from wrong and to respect the civil and criminal law of the UK
- encourage students to accept responsibility for their behaviour, show initiative, and to understand how they can contribute positively to the lives of those living and working in the locality of the school and to society more widely
- enable students to acquire a broad general knowledge of and respect for public institutions and services in England
- further tolerance and harmony between different cultural traditions by enabling students to acquire an appreciation of and respect for their own and other cultures
- encourage respect for other people and encourage respect for democracy and support for participation in the democratic processes, including respect for the basis on which the law is made and applied in England

4.3 We will achieve this by using a curriculum that includes: British Values, SMSC, PSHE, RE and the learning of different faiths, SRE, School Councils, Humanities, visits to and beyond the local community, visitors to the school.

## **VISITORS AND THE USE OF SCHOOL PREMISES**

5.1 At Danson Primary School, we recognise the role that external agencies and speakers can play in enhancing the learning experiences of our pupils. Where we use external agencies and

individuals in this way, we will positively vet them to ensure that their messages are consistent with, and not in opposition to, the school's values and ethos.

5.2 Our school will assess the suitability and effectiveness of input from external agencies or individuals to ensure that:

- Any messages communicated to pupils are consistent with the ethos of the school and do not marginalise any communities, groups or individuals
- Any messages do not seek to glorify criminal activity or violent extremism or seek to radicalise pupils through extreme or narrow views of faith, religion or culture or other ideologies
- Activities are properly embedded in the curriculum and clearly mapped to Schemes of Work to avoid contradictory messages or duplication
- Activities are matched to the needs of pupils
- Activities are carefully evaluated by the school to ensure that they are effective

5.3 Any guest speakers or external agencies will directly supervised by a member of the school staff and where appropriate be provided with a copy of our safeguarding procedures on arrival at the school.

5.4 When an agreement is made to allow non-school groups or organisations to use the school premises, appropriate checks will be made before agreeing the contract. Usage will be monitored and in the event of any behaviour not in keeping with the Tackling Extremism and Radicalisation Policy, the school will contact the police and terminate the arrangement.

## **PROCEDURES FOR MANAGING CONCERNS**

6.1 Danson Primary School adheres to the procedures that have been agreed locally through the LA's Children's Safeguarding Board for safeguarding individuals vulnerable to extremism and radicalisation. Please also refer to our Safeguarding & Child Protection Policy for further information about our wider safeguarding responsibilities.

6.2 We recognise that staff at our school play a particularly important role as they are in a position to identify concerns early and provide help for children to prevent concerns from escalating. All staff are advised to maintain an attitude of 'it could happen here' where safeguarding is concerned and this includes vulnerability to radicalisation.

6.3 At all times we will work in partnership and endeavour to establish effective working relationships with parents, carers and colleagues from other agencies in line with "Working Together to Safeguard Children (July 2018)."

6.4 The Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) should be used as a first point of contact any safeguarding concerns in our school. Any member of staff or visitor to the school who receives a disclosure of or suspects that a child is at risk of radicalisation must report it immediately to the DSL or, if unavailable, to the alternate designated person. In the absence of either of the above, the matter should be brought to the attention of the most senior member of staff.

6.5 Following receipt of any information raising concern about vulnerability to radicalisation, the DSL will consider what action to take and will follow the LA procedures by making a referral via the Safeguarding Team as required. All information and actions taken, including the reasons for any decisions made, will be fully documented.

6.6 All LA referrals will be made using the agreed Bexley referral form.

6.7 If an allegation is made or information is received about an adult who works in our setting which indicates that they may be unsuitable to work with children because of concerns relating to extremism and radicalisation, the member of staff receiving the information should inform the Head Teacher or Chair of Governors immediately in line with the procedures outlined in our Safeguarding Policy and the Whistleblowing Policy.

## **RELEVANT POLICIES**

7.1 To underpin the values and ethos of our school and our intent to ensure that pupils at our school are appropriately safeguarded, the following policies should be read in conjunction with this policy:

- Safeguarding incorporating Child Protection Policy
- Anti-Bullying
- Equalities
- E-safety
- Health and Safety including site security
- Whistle-blowing

## **STATUTORY FRAMEWORK**

8.1 This policy has been devised in accordance with the following legislation and local and national guidance:

- London Borough of Bexley (LA) Procedures
- The Counter-Terrorism & Security Act 2015
- ‘Prevent Duty Guidance: for England & Wales’, HM Government (2015/Update April 2021)
- ‘Promoting fundamental British values as part of SMSC in schools: Departmental advice for maintained schools’, DfE (2014)
- ‘Keeping Children Safe in Education’, DfE (2023)
- ‘Working Together to Safeguard Children: A guide to inter-agency working to safeguard and promote the welfare of children’, DfE (2018/update 2022)
- ‘Information Sharing: Advice for practitioners’, DfE (July 2018 update)

All children, regardless of their circumstances, are entitled to a full time education which is suitable to their age, ability, aptitude and any special educational needs they may have. Local authorities have a duty to establish, as far as it is possible to do so, the identity of children of compulsory school age who are missing education in their area.

A child going missing from education is a potential indicator of abuse or neglect. School and college staff should follow the school’s or college’s procedures for dealing with children that go missing from education, particularly on repeat occasions, to help identify the risk of abuse

and neglect, including sexual exploitation, and to help prevent the risks of their going missing in future.

Schools should put in place appropriate safeguarding policies, procedures and responses for children who go missing from education, particularly on repeat occasions. It is essential that all staff are alert to signs to look out for and the individual triggers to be aware of when considering the risks of potential safeguarding concerns such as travelling to conflict zones, FGM and forced marriage. The law requires all schools to have an admission register and, with the exception of schools where all pupils are boarders, an attendance register.

All pupils must be placed on both registers. All schools must inform their local authority of any pupil who is going to be deleted from the admission register where they:

- have been taken out of school by their parents and are being educated outside the school system e.g. home education;
- have ceased to attend school and no longer live within reasonable distance of the school at which they are registered;
- have been certified by the school medical officer as unlikely to be in a fit state of health to attend school before ceasing to be of compulsory school age, and neither he/she nor his/her parent has indicated the intention to continue to attend the school after ceasing to be of compulsory school age;
- are in custody for a period of more than four months due to a final court order and the proprietor does not reasonably believe they will be returning to the school at the end of that period; or,
- have been permanently excluded. The local authority must be notified when a school is to delete a pupil from its register under the above circumstances. This should be done as soon as the grounds for deletion are met, but no later than deleting the pupil's name from the register. It is essential that schools comply with this duty, so that local authorities can, as part of their duty to identify.

This policy will be reviewed in full by the Governing Body on an annual basis as part of the review of the Safeguarding & Child Protection Policy. This policy is due for review on January 2023.

### **Public Information**

Copies of this policy will be available to the public from the School Office.

Date agreed: June 2023

Date Reviewed: June 2026

Head Teacher: L Casey

Chair Of Governors: M Egelton

## Appendix 1: Glossary of Terms

**'Extremism'** is defined in the 2011 Prevent Strategy as vocal or active opposition to fundamental British values, including democracy, the rule of law, individual liberty and mutual respect and tolerance of different faiths and beliefs. We also include in our definition of extremism calls for the death of members of our armed forces, whether in this country or overseas.

**'Non-violent extremism'** is extremism, as defined above, which is not accompanied by violence.

**'Prevention'** in the context of the Prevent duty means reducing or eliminating the risk of individuals becoming involved in terrorism. Prevent includes but is not confined to the identification and referral of those at risk of being drawn into terrorism into appropriate interventions. These interventions aim to divert vulnerable people from radicalisation.

**'Radicalisation'** refers to the process by which a person comes to support terrorism and extremist ideologies associated with terrorist groups. The current UK definition of 'terrorism' is given in the Terrorism Act 2000 (TACT 2000).

**'Terrorist-related offences'** are those (such as murder) which are not offences in terrorist legislation, but which are judged to be committed in relation to terrorism.

**'Vulnerability'** describes the condition of being capable of being injured; difficult to defend; open to moral or ideological attack. Within Prevent, the word describes factors and characteristics associated with being susceptible to radicalisation. (Taken from Prevent Duty Guidance: England & Wales, HM Government 2015)

## Appendix 2: Warning Signs/Indicators of Concern

There is no such thing as a "typical extremist": those who become involved in extremist actions come from a range of backgrounds and experiences, and most individuals, even those who hold radical views, do not become involved in violent extremist activity. Pupils may become susceptible to radicalisation through a range of social, personal and environmental factors. It is vital that school staff are able to recognise those vulnerabilities. However, this list is not exhaustive, nor does it mean that all young people experiencing the above are at risk of radicalisation for the purposes of violent extremism. Factors which may make pupils more vulnerable may include:

**Identity Crisis:** the pupil is distanced from their cultural/religious heritage and experiences discomfort about their place in society.

**Personal Crisis:** the pupil may be experiencing family tensions; a sense of isolation; low self-esteem; they may have dissociated from their existing friendship group and become involved with a new and different group of friends; they may be searching for answers to questions about identity, faith and belonging.



**Personal Circumstances:** migration; local community tensions and events affecting the pupil's country or region of origin may contribute to a sense of grievance that is triggered by personal experience of racism or discrimination or aspects of Government policy.

**Unmet Aspirations:** the pupil may have perceptions of injustice; a feeling of failure; rejection of civic life.

**Experiences of Criminality:** involvement with criminal groups, imprisonment, poor resettlement or reintegration.

**Special Educational Need:** pupils may experience difficulties with social interaction, empathy with others, understanding the consequences of their actions and awareness of the motivations of others.

### **Pupils who are vulnerable to radicalization (VTR)**

Pupils who are vulnerable to radicalisation may also be experiencing:

- Substance and alcohol misuse
- Peer pressure
- Influence from older people or via the Internet
- Bullying
- Domestic violence
- Race/hate crime

Behaviours which may indicate a child is at risk of being radicalised or exposed to extremist views could include:

- Being in contact with extremist recruiters and/or spending increasing time in the company of other suspected extremists
- Loss of interest in other friends and activities not associated with the extremist ideology, group or cause
- Pupils accessing extremist material online, including through social networking sites
- Possessing or accessing materials or symbols associated with an extremist cause
- Using extremist narratives and a global ideology to explain personal disadvantage
- Pupils voicing opinions drawn from extremist ideologies and narratives, this may include justifying the use of violence to solve societal issues;
- Graffiti symbols, writing or art work promoting extremist messages or images
- Significant changes to appearance and/or behaviour increasingly centred on an extremist ideology, group or cause
- Changing their style of dress or personal appearance to accord with the group
- Attempts to recruit others to the group/cause
- Using insulting to derogatory names for another group
- Increase in prejudice-related incidents committed by that person – these may include:
  - physical or verbal assault
  - provocative behaviour
  - damage to property
  - derogatory name calling
  - possession of prejudice-related materials

- prejudice related ridicule or name calling
- inappropriate forms of address
- refusal to co-operate
- attempts to recruit to prejudice-related organisations
- condoning or supporting violence towards others.
- Parental reports of changes in behaviour, friendship or actions and requests for assistance;
- Partner schools, local authority services, and police reports of issues affecting pupils in other schools.